

FRANCE HONORS GREAT AMERICAN

Statue of Benjamin Franklin by John F. Boyle Will Be Unveiled in Paris Today.

NOTED MEN ON COMMITTEE

STATUE SAID TO BE A WORK OF ART.

Paris, April 26.—The Franco-American aspect of tomorrow's celebration is shown in the composition of the committees of honor, including a former American president, Mr. Cleveland, a former American vice president, Mr. Morton, two former French presidents, MM. Loubet and Casimir-Perier, as well as many other prominent public men, French and American. The full list of the honorary committees is as follows:

Honorary president, the American ambassador, Robert McCormick. American members—Governor Cleveland, Whitlaw Reid, Levi P. Morton, General Horace Porter, Wayne MacVeagh, J. Pierpont Morgan. French members—Ex-President Loubet, ex-President Casimir-Perier, M. Jules Cambon, French ambassador at Madrid; M. J. J. Jusserand, French ambassador at Washington; Baron de Courcelles, constant member of the senate, and M. Paul Appel, member of the institute and dean of the faculty of sciences.

Committee of organization—William F. Dalliba, honorary chairman; Lawrence V. Benet, honorary secretary; General E. F. Winslow, Edward Tuck, Ralph W. Hickox, Ridgeway Knight, Edmund Kelly, Paul W. Bartlett, W. T. Danna, Henry Cachard, Colonel Theo. A. Dodge, Major H. A. Huntington, William Seligman, S. de Jonge, John J. Hoff, H. Herman Harjes.

Souvenir Invitations.

The souvenir invitations issued for the celebration are a most artistic example of French engraving. In the upper corner is a large medallion of Franklin, showing the lines of his face and his flowing locks. Over 5,000 of these invitations were issued, the additional demands for them having come from all directions, the people wanting them as mementos of the occasion. The invitation reads:

"You are invited to take part in the bi-centennial celebration of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, patriot, diplomat and philosopher, and at the inauguration of his statue, presented to the city of Paris by Mr. John H. Harjes, which will take place at the Palace of the Trocadero, Friday, April 27, 1906, at 11 a. m., under the patronage of the ambassador of the United States, the members of the committee of honor, of the president and members of the committee of organization."

Statue of Franklin.

The statue of Benjamin Franklin which will be unveiled tomorrow is a duplicate of the one in front of the Philadelphia postoffice, which is considered by many critics to be a masterpiece, and the best statue of Franklin ever made. It represents Franklin seated in his favorite arm chair, comfortably enfolded in a dressing robe. At the side and a little to the rear of the chair is a large book, as if it had just fallen from the hands of the great scientist and diplomat. Franklin's attitude is one of repose and from the expression of his calm face there seems to shine forth those characteristics of love and kindness which did so much to endear him to the people to whom he went as the first representative of the new republic.

Houdon Head Used.

The sculptor, John J. Boyle of New York, spent two years in the execution of this work. After long study and research among portraits and busts of Franklin he decided to use the famous Houdon head as his model. Of all the artists and sculptors who painted and modeled Franklin none knew him better than Houdon, for it was due to Franklin's influence and friendship for Houdon that he came to America and received the commission to make his famous statue of Washington. Critics and students are agreed that the Houdon head, made from life and by a man who fully appreciated and was devoted to Franklin, is the truest and most reliable likeness in existence.

The original of the statue to be unveiled tomorrow was presented on June 14, 1889, to the city of Philadelphia on behalf of Justus C. Strawbridge by Charles Emory Smith, then postmaster general of the United States. The statue stands in front of the Philadelphia postoffice, where thousands daily read the quaint and historic inscription on the pedestal: "Benjamin Franklin, 1706-1790. Venerated for benevolence, admired for talents, esteemed for patriotism, beloved for philanthropy—Washington."

The statue is nearly twice life size, measuring twelve feet from the base to the top of the head, five feet four

STANDSTILL AT THE UNIVERSITY

Stanford Cannot Be Rebuilt Until the Board of Trustees Takes Necessary Action.

Town Being Rebuilt.

Palo Alto, Cal., April 26.—No attempt is being made to begin the work of repair and reconstruction necessary on the Stanford university buildings torn down by the earthquake. The matter of repair rests in the hands of the university board of trustees, many of whom are business men of San Francisco, and until these men can get their own troubles off their hands and review the situation nothing definite in the way of plans for rebuilding can be expected. Cheap workmanship and defective construction are attributed to the sole cause of the rebuilding and it is certain from the tone of President Jordan's remarks that the new university will have buildings as strong as the hand of man and the sinews of steel can make them.

Town Being Rebuilt.

The work of rebuilding the town of Palo Alto is already well under way. Although most of the durable stone and brick buildings were either totally shattered or badly strained, it will be but a short time till the damage is entirely repaired. The most serious loss was the complete overthrow of a handsome stone building just completed by F. C. Thiele at a cost of \$20,000. No lives were lost in the town and but few were even injured.

A strict citizens' guard is constantly maintained at the approaches to town and the best of order is maintained. Many university students are stranded, without the wherewithal to get home. The university has no ready money and cannot therefore advance it for transportation, but the railroad company is very liberally attempting to relieve the situation. Despite their own hard condition, the students are helping greatly toward the San Francisco relief work.

MURDERER REPRIEVED BY GOVERNOR PARDEE

Sacramento, April 26.—Governor Pardee today granted John McClure a reprieve until June 8. McClure was to have been hanged at San Quentin for the murder of two men named Zedkoff and O'Shea. While on appeal the supreme court found no error in the conviction. Justice Beatty and Associate Justice Shaw recommended that the governor should grant the reprieve to the sentence of William F. Hopkins, sentenced to ninety days' imprisonment for simple assault committed in San Francisco.

TINTIC AND RETURN \$2.00.

Via D. & R. G., Sunday, April 29. Leave Salt Lake 8:30 a. m., returning leave Silver City 7 p. m., Mammoth 7:10; Eureka 7:30. The Tintic came to again booming. Splendid chance to see the big producers of wealth. Big baseball game at Eureka. Everybody invited.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via O. S. L. and S. P. Lines. April 26 to May 6 inclusive, tickets good for return to July 31. Salt Lake to San Francisco and return, \$21.50 (via Portland one way, \$44.00). Salt Lake to Los Angeles and return, \$43.00 (via Portland one way, \$55.50). City Ticket Office, 201 Main street.

NEW QUESTION DECIDED.

(Special to The Herald.) Boise, Ida., April 26.—Judge Beatty, in the federal court, has decided what is declared to be an entirely new question in connection with the use of waters of streams. The case was brought by Henry Schodde, against the Twin Falls Land & Water company, for damages sustained because of the building of the Milner dam on the Snake river by the company. Schodde owns 40 acres of land nine miles above the dam. He has irrigated it with current wheels, but the backing up of the water has made the wheels useless. The judge sustained a demurrer to the complaint, holding the plaintiff had no right of action. It was stated by the judge, however, that the question was entirely new and his conclusions might be wrong.

SAFE IN PORT.

New York, April 26.—The steamer Marie Minghetti arrived here today nearly a week overdue. Apprehension had been felt for the safety of the steamer, which left Palermo April 4 with 750 immigrants aboard.

Inches in width and four feet eight inches in depth. It is a curious coincidence that when the statue was unveiled in Philadelphia, the orator of the occasion proposed that France would some day be the recipient of a replica of the statue as a memorial to Franklin and pledge of American good will.

John J. Boyle, the sculptor, although not a resident of New York, formerly lived in Philadelphia and was for several years a student in the Ecole des Beaux Arts in Paris. He is very well known in art circles throughout the country. In the congressional library in Washington are his busts of Plato and Sir Francis Bacon, and specimens of his work are to be found in Lincoln park, Chicago, and Fairmount park, Philadelphia. He also contributed to the art exhibits of the Chicago world's fair, the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo and the world's fair in St. Louis.

The statue is nearly twice life size, measuring twelve feet from the base to the top of the head, five feet four

CROPSY CASE BEING RUSHED

Prosecution Has Rested and the Defense Now Putting in Testimony for Accused.

MERE QUESTION OF CREED

COURT RULED AGAINST THE DEFENDANT.

Batavia, N. Y., April 26.—The prosecution rested its case today in the trial of Rev. Algernon S. Crapsey on the charge of heresy and violation of his ordination vows. Before doing so, John Lord O'Brien, counsel for the prosecution, filed with the court for record a letter to Mr. Alexander, Dr. Crapsey's assistant, from Dr. Crapsey, dated Jan. 5, 1906.

Congressman Perkins, counsel for the defense, admitted as evidence that Dr. Crapsey had taken all his ordination vows. The resting of its case by the prosecution excludes from admission as evidence Dr. Crapsey's book, "Religion and Politics," with the exception of a few paragraphs contained in the presentments against the rector of St. Andrew's. The exclusion of the testimony of Dr. Woodward made it useless for the prosecution to call certain other witnesses to testify along similar lines.

Witness for Defense.

The first witness for the defense was Rev. A. J. Lighton, professor of philosophy in Hobart college. Congressman Perkins put in evidence certain books bearing upon the doctrine of the Protestant Episcopal church, including the book by Dr. Crapsey, "Religion and Politics," by S. D. McConnell, and also works by Canon Henson, of Westminster Abbey; Frederick Temple, former Archbishop of Canterbury; the Rev. Dr. Frederick Palmer of Andover, Mass., and others. Witness said in reply to questions, he had read all the books mentioned as well as the presentment against Dr. Crapsey. He then read from the creed: "And in Jesus Christ our Lord, who was conceived by the Holy Ghost, born of the Virgin Mary, suffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, died and was buried. He descended into hell; the third day he arose again from the dead."

"There is the doctrine, clearly and unmistakably set forth," said Mr. O'Brien.

Much Argument.

Much argument of counsel for both sides followed. Ex-Chief Justice Stines of Rhode Island closed an incisive argument for the prosecution with the words:

"Toleration of error does not establish it as truth," and Mr. O'Brien pleaded with the court to look at this question with strong-hearted wisdom and courage for damages sustained because of the building of the Milner dam on the Snake river by the company. Schodde owns 40 acres of land nine miles above the dam. He has irrigated it with current wheels, but the backing up of the water has made the wheels useless. The judge sustained a demurrer to the complaint, holding the plaintiff had no right of action. It was stated by the judge, however, that the question was entirely new and his conclusions might be wrong.

The question is," said Mr. Shepard, in conclusion, "whether a clergyman who, having taken his vows of ordination, and studied the Scriptures, is persuaded as a result that the Nicene creed means certain things should or should not preach these things. It then becomes his duty and his right to preach these things."

The court ruled that the testimony of Dr. Lighton was not competent and sustained the objection taken by Mr. O'Brien.

CHILDREN ARE EAGER.

They Continue to Bring Donations for the Relief Fund.

Bread continued to come into the schools yesterday in large quantities. A circular letter was sent out to the principals during the day by W. J. McCoy and E. S. Hallock, the two men in charge for the east and west sides stating that bread would be received at the schools tomorrow the same as on school days. A new movement was inaugurated at the Union school Tuesday when each child brought to school either a potato or such a number of them as he could well carry. The day was designated as "Potato Day." Yesterday the two men in charge for the east and west sides stated that bread would be received at the schools tomorrow the same as on school days.

The first day the kindergarten tots came each with a potato, some of them having selected the largest to be found. The children in the older grades brought two or three till in the upper rooms the vegetables were brought in sacks. When the "panning out" process was ended it was found that twenty-five bushels of potatoes were to be shipped.

RELIEF SOCIETY WORK.

Will Hoard Supplies for Giving Assistance Later.

The Relief society of the various stakes included in the city are still working for the benefit of the sufferers on the coast. Instead, however, of sending off supplies from this time on they will endeavor to reserve what they have on hand for those who may come in from there and need assistance. Yesterday a large supply of sheets, pillow slips, needles and thread as well as bolts of outing flannel, shawls and children's stockings were sent. It is thought best now to wait and utilize whatever is on hand for the incoming refugees.

Salt Lake Photo Supply Co. Kodaks & developing. Main & 3d So.

PARENTS KILLED; BABY INJURED

C. L. Sandberg of Salt Lake Saw San Francisco Laid Waste.

GOOD COFFEE ALL THE TIME

HEWLETT'S

There isn't any satisfaction in a cup of poor coffee—better pay a few cents more and get

C. L. Sandberg and wife of Salt Lake were living at 1709 Folsom street, San Francisco, when the earthquake occurred. Mr. Sandberg was formerly a clerk in Schramm's drug store, but had been attending the College of Physicians and Surgeons. They were in the wrecked city during the last night. Mr. Sandberg said he and his wife were thrown out of bed when the shock came and the walls of the room began to rock.

"We hastened to the street, dressing as well as we could. One end of the street was completely blocked by a fallen house, and we saw a girl taken out unconscious. The search was continued and from one of the fallen houses a two-weeks' old baby was taken out peacefully sleeping though his father and mother were both dead beside the child. They were all in a folding bed and it would seem that the child had been sleeping between them and had thus been protected from injury. Even the shock of the earthquake and the toppling of the house had failed to disturb its slumbers.

Building Sank Into Ground.

"I went up to the college and found that in good shape at that time, though a two-story building next had sunk so that a woman who had been sleeping on the top floor had stepped through her window to the street. We saw a woman and her daughter taken from the same house unconscious. I went down to the Fremont to look for the Rev. Dr. Frederick Palmer of Andover, Mass., and others. Witness said in reply to questions, he had read all the books mentioned as well as the presentment against Dr. Crapsey. He then read from the creed: "And in Jesus Christ our Lord, who was conceived by the Holy Ghost, born of the Virgin Mary, suffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, died and was buried. He descended into hell; the third day he arose again from the dead."

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132 pair fine white cable net curtains, handsome and serviceable curtains, size 2½x50, value \$3.00.
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All ladies' tailored suits that sold regularly at \$30, reduced to \$22.50
All ladies' tailored suits that sold regularly at \$42.50, reduced to \$30.00
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All ladies' tailored suits that sold regularly at \$55, reduced to \$42.50

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